9.3.7 Extractive industry code

9.3.7.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development identified as requiring assessment against the Extractive industry code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) All provisions in this code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development.

9.3.7.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Extractive industry code is to ensure that the exploitation of *extractive* resources is undertaken in an environmentally sound manner which avoids, or if avoidance is not practicable, minimises and mitigates, any adverse impacts on environmental and landscape values, public safety and the amenity of surrounding premises.
- (2) The purpose of the Extractive industry code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) extraction of extractive resources occurs in a safe and environmentally sound manner;
 - (b) ecologically important areas and water quality are protected from any environmental degradation potentially arising from extractive industry operations;
 - extractive industry operations are located, designed, constructed and operated to avoid, or if avoidance is not practicable, minimise and mitigate, adverse impacts on any sensitive land use;
 - (d) transport routes allow extractive materials to be transported with the least amount of impact on development along those roads and on the function of those roads;
 - (e) land used for extractive industry operations is effectively rehabilitated; and
 - (f) in Precinct RUR1 (Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area), the exploitation of extractive resources occurs in a manner that:-
 - (i) maintains or improves the integrity of the Mooloolah River and the flood storage capacity of the Mooloolah River *floodplain*;
 - (ii) maintains, as far as practicable, the flow conveyance patterns of the Mooloolah River flood plain, avoids any worsening of existing flooding conditions and protects the existing ground water regime;
 - (iii) protects, buffers and reconnects ecologically important areas;
 - (iv) maintains the quality of surface water and groundwater;
 - (v) avoids adverse impacts on upstream and downstream properties;
 - (vi) provides for and protects existing and planned future transport and other infrastructure corridors;
 - (vii) provides for and protects the function of identified transport routes;
 - (viii) provides appropriate separation distances to conflicting land uses;
 - (ix) minimises the visual impacts of extractive industry operations throughout the life of the development on the scenic values of the floodplain as an open landscape;
 - (x) provides for the rehabilitation of the area in a manner that supports the establishment of a range of complementary open space and recreation uses within a post extraction setting:
 - (xi) provides land for continuous public access trails along a rehabilitated Mooloolah River esplanade, connecting to public access points and open space areas; and
 - (xii) protects the advanced waste water and sewage treatment plant site.



9.3.7.3 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 9.3.7.3.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

PO2 PO3	ring The extractive industry is designed and established so as to provide:- (a) adequate buffering measures including separation distance to protect the surrounding area from significant noise, dust, vibration and visual impacts of operations; (b) suitable vehicle access; (c) protection against erosion; (d) acceptable quality of water leaving the site; (e) public safety; (f) acceptable restoration measures; (g) protection of groundwater quality and quantity; (h) avoidance of land contamination; (i) effective stormwater management; and (j) waste management practices which maximise recycling and reuse of wastes. Environmental management requirements for the extractive industry are properly identified, and their effective implementation and monitoring appropriately planned, to minimise environmental impact.	AO2	In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO1:- The extractive industry is undertaken in accordance with an approved environmental management plan which is regularly updated to reflect on-site practices and addresses the environmental and social impacts of the extractive industry. In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO2:- The extractive industry demonstrates that adequate resources are available to fulfil
PO2 PO3	The extractive industry is designed and established so as to provide:- (a) adequate buffering measures including separation distance to protect the surrounding area from significant noise, dust, vibration and visual impacts of operations; (b) suitable vehicle access; (c) protection against erosion; (d) acceptable quality of water leaving the site; (e) public safety; (f) acceptable restoration measures; (g) protection of groundwater quality and quantity; (h) avoidance of land contamination; (i) effective stormwater management; and (j) waste management practices which maximise recycling and reuse of wastes. Environmental management requirements for the extractive industry are properly identified, and their effective implementation and monitoring appropriately planned, to minimise		Outcome PO1:- The extractive industry is undertaken in accordance with an approved environmental management plan which is regularly updated to reflect on-site practices and addresses the environmental and social impacts of the extractive industry. In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO2:- The extractive industry demonstrates that
PO1 () () () () () () () () () (The extractive industry is designed and established so as to provide:- (a) adequate buffering measures including separation distance to protect the surrounding area from significant noise, dust, vibration and visual impacts of operations; (b) suitable vehicle access; (c) protection against erosion; (d) acceptable quality of water leaving the site; (e) public safety; (f) acceptable restoration measures; (g) protection of groundwater quality and quantity; (h) avoidance of land contamination; (i) effective stormwater management; and (j) waste management practices which maximise recycling and reuse of wastes. Environmental management requirements for the extractive industry are properly identified, and their effective implementation and monitoring appropriately planned, to minimise		Outcome PO1:- The extractive industry is undertaken in accordance with an approved environmental management plan which is regularly updated to reflect on-site practices and addresses the environmental and social impacts of the extractive industry. In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO2:- The extractive industry demonstrates that
PO3 -	wastes. Environmental management requirements for the extractive industry are properly identified, and their effective implementation and monitoring appropriately planned, to minimise	AO2	Outcome PO2:- The extractive industry demonstrates that
			the environmental management requirements identified in the approved environmental management plan.
	The extractive industry provides for volumes of extraction to be planned and staged so that a suitable and sustainable landscape form remains on the extraction site.	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
Vehicle Ad	ccess and Manoeuvring		
PO4	Vehicle access to, from, and within the extractive industry site is provided so as to:- (a) be adequate for the type and volume of traffic to be generated; (b) not create or worsen any traffic hazard; (c) ensure disturbance to surrounding land uses is minor and that impacts from emissions are minimised; and (d) ensure no tracking of sediment or material onto the road network results from the transport of materials associated with the	AO4.2 AO4.3	The proposed transport route to the site is along sealed roads and does not require heavy vehicles to traverse residential or rural residential streets classified as collector streets or local streets. All driveways and manoeuvring areas between the site entrance and site office and all wash down areas and works depot areas are sealed. Driveways have a minimum width of 9 metres measured at the property alignment/road frontage and are located
	haulage of extractive resources. on Distances The extractive industry is located on a	AO4.4 AO5.1	not less than 9 metres from any other driveway. A wheel wash down area is provided near the driveway entrance of the <i>site</i> to any <i>transport route</i> . Hard rock extraction and processing
103		. 100.1	That took oxtraction and processing

	ance Outcomes	Accontable	Outcomes
renomi	for adequate setback of operations from	Acceptable	out within 40 metres of any boundary of
	road <i>frontages</i> , <i>site</i> boundaries,		the <i>site</i> or within 1 kilometre of any
	surrounding residential uses and other		residential premises, land included within
	sensitive receptors, such that the		a residential zone or Rural residential
	extractive industry achieves an		zone or other sensitive receptor on
	acceptable standard of visual amenity and control of noise, light, dust and		surrounding land.
	vibration impacts.	AO5.2	Extractive and processing activities not
	·		involving blasting are not carried out
			within 30 metres of any boundary of the
			site or within 200 metres of any residential premises, land included within a
			residential zone or Rural residential zone
			or other sensitive receptor.
			Note—a topographic feature providing a natural buffer between extractive and processing
			activities and a sensitive land use may justify
			provision of a lesser setback distance.
		AO5.3	A vegetated <i>buffer</i> strip or mound having
		A00.0	a minimum width of 10 metres is provided
			to all boundaries of the <i>site</i> .
			Note—Acceptable Outcomes AO5.2 and AO5.3
			may be modified by more specific requirements
			in this code relating to Precinct RUR-1
			(Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area).
		AO5.4	Extraction and processing activities are
			screened from view from any major road
			and any land included in an urban zone,
Site Drai	inage		where appropriate.
PO6			
, . 	The extractive industry provides on-site	AO6.1	Banks and channels are constructed to
. 30	drainage that is designed, constructed	AO6.1	divert stormwater run-off away from
. 50	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:-	AO6.1	
. 30	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion;	AO6.1	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas.
. 30	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:-		divert stormwater run-off away from
. 30	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality;		divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge
. 30	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and		divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas
. 33	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle		divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm.
. 33	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and	AO6.2	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge
. 33	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on	AO6.2	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of
. 33	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden	AO6.2 AO6.3	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused.
. 33	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on	AO6.2	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of
. 33	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or	AO6.2 AO6.3	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused.
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points.
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:-
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials;
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials; (b) dust suppression and for use on
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials;
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials; (b) dust suppression and for use on product and overburden stockpiles; (c) irrigation of revegetation and rehabilitation areas; and
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel wash facilities.	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials; (b) dust suppression and for use on product and overburden stockpiles; (c) irrigation of revegetation and
Managei	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel wash facilities.	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4 AO6.5	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials; (b) dust suppression and for use on product and overburden stockpiles; (c) irrigation of revegetation and rehabilitation areas; and (d) wheel wash facilities.
	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel wash facilities.	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials; (b) dust suppression and for use on product and overburden stockpiles; (c) irrigation of revegetation and rehabilitation areas; and (d) wheel wash facilities.
Managel	drainage that is designed, constructed and maintained so as to:- (a) avoid erosion; (b) prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water; (c) protect downstream water quality; and (d) provide opportunities to recycle water for reuse in processing, washing and/or screening materials, dust suppression and on product stockpiles, overburden stockpiles, revegetation or rehabilitation areas and wheel wash facilities. ment of Blasting and Other Operations The extractive industry provides for	AO6.2 AO6.3 AO6.4 AO6.5	divert stormwater run-off away from excavated areas. Sediment basins are provided to detain stormwater run-off from disturbed areas such that there is no off-site discharge likely to cause environmental harm. Bunding and treatment and disposal of industrial wastes are carried out such that no environmental harm is caused. Lining or other suitable treatment of erosion-prone areas is established and maintained at discharge points. Harvested water is re-used on the extractive industry site for a range of purposes including, but not limited to:- (a) processing, washing and/or screening materials; (b) dust suppression and for use on product and overburden stockpiles; (c) irrigation of revegetation and rehabilitation areas; and (d) wheel wash facilities.



Porform	ance Outcomes	Accontable	Outcomes		
Perioriii	management standards so that	Acceptable	Outcomes		
	disturbance to surrounding land uses is minor and that impacts from emissions are minimised.		Table 9.3.7.3.1A	Extractive industry hours of operation	
			Column 1 Extractive industry activity	Column 2 Hours of Operation	
			Blasting operations	9am to 5pm Monday to Friday	
				No operations Saturday, Sunday or public holidays	
			Other operations	6am to 6pm Monday to Friday.	
				7am to 1pm Saturday No operations Sunday or	
				public holidays.	
Public S	afatu	AO7.2		do not exceed the ns contained in the tection Act 1994.	
PO8	Extractive industry operation areas are	AO8.1	Safety fence is	provided to prevent	
	fenced to prevent unauthorised or accidental public entry.	A00.1	unauthorised or a	ccidental public access industry site to the	
		AO8.2		warn of operations and is provided to all site.	
	abilitation		T		
PO9	Rehabilitation of the extractive industry site provides:- (a) progressive/staged rehabilitation works; (b) appropriate clean-up works (taking particular account of areas of possible soil contamination); (c) agreed landform and soil profiles; (d) suitable revegetation; and (e) establishment phase requirements.	AO9	rehabilitation work	dustry provides for all as to be undertaken in an approved expected design and site	
PO10	Rehabilitation works for each operational stage are bonded to ensure the effective return of disturbed areas to acceptable land use suitability.	AO10	No acceptable out	come provided.	
PO11	Rehabilitation allows for suitable use of any water bodies created through the extraction process, having regard to water quality, hydraulic conditions, land form and <i>vegetation</i> .	AO11.1		carried out to provide a standard that can c vertebrates and	
	-	AO11.2	wetland species s aquatic plant comm	podies are planted with such that a sustainable nunity is established.	
Resource	Additional Requirements for Extractive Industry in Precinct RUR-1 (Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area) on Zone Map ZM63				
PO12	Planning and Rehabilitation Concepts The extractive industry is established,	AO12	No acceptable out	come provided	
	operated and rehabilitated in a manner that is generally in accordance with the development and rehabilitation concepts identified on:-	7.0.2	The desceptable out	oomo providod.	
	(a) Figure 9.3.7A (Meridan Plains extractive resource area master plan); and (b) Figure 9.3.7B (Meridan Plains				
	extractive resource area end use				



Performan	ice Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
	concept plan).	-	
Avoidance	of Constrained Areas and Staging of	Extraction	
PO13	The extractive industry avoids constrained areas and utilises a staged approach to site development that provides for:- (a) the efficient exploitation of the Extractive Resource Area; (b) the progressive rehabilitation of the site such that the scenic values of the Mooloolah River floodplain are retained throughout the duration of the extraction; (c) the progressive creation of a lake system that at all times:- (i) maintains or improves the integrity of the Mooloolah River and the flood storage capacity of the Mooloolah River floodplain; (ii) maintains, as far as practicable, the flow conveyance patterns of the Mooloolah River floodplain; and (iii) maintains or improves the quantity and quality of surface and groundwater in the catchment area; and (d) the avoidance or effective mitigation of any potential environmental harm.	AO13	The extractive industry provides for: (a) the avoidance of exploitation in areas identified as 'Constrained Resource Area (Type A)' on Figure 9.3.7A (Meridan Plains extractive resource area master plan); (b) the avoidance of exploitation in areas identified as 'Constrained Resource Area (Type B)' on Figure 9.3.7A (Meridan Plains extractive resource area master plan) until such time as outstanding strategic coastal management, flooding and hydrological issues are investigated and resolved; (c) the avoidance of exploitation in any other part of the Extractive Resource Area determined (through further site assessment or referral agency advice) to have coastal management or other biophysical limitations making the land unsuitable for extractive industry development; (d) development on the site to be staged such that not more than 30% of the surface area of the site is used for extractive industry at any particular time; and (e) development of a lake system with a configuration that is generally consistent with that shown on Figure 9.3.7B (Meridan Plains extractive resource area end use concept plan) and designed in accordance with:- (i) an approved lake management plan for the entire Extractive Resource Area; or (ii) if a lake management plan is yet to be approved for the entire Extractive Resource Area—a site specific lake management plan. Note—Council may consider an alternative staging or lake configuration, provided that the development is otherwise consistent with this code and the intent of the end use concept depicted on Figure 9.3.7B (Meridan Plains extractive Resource area end use concept plan).
Buffers an	nd Batter Stability Zones		
	The extractive industry provides for	AO14.1	The extractive industry provides for the
e s c a f t u v iii	ecological and landscape buffers, visual screens and batter stability zones to conceal and/or setback operations and activities involved in the use from road frontages, site boundaries, incompatible uses on surrounding land, lakes, waterways, wetlands, ecologically mportant areas and infrastructure corridors, such that the extractive industry:- (a) maintains or improves the integrity of the Mooloolah River and other		establishment of ecological and landscape buffers, visual screens and batter stability zones in accordance with Table 9.3.7.3.1B (Ecological and landscape buffers, visual screens and batter stability zones). Table 9.3.7.3.1B Ecological and landscape buffers, visual screens and batter stability zones



Dorforma	nco	Outcomes	Accontable (Outcomos	
Perionila	IIICE		Acceptable (Column 1	Column 2
	(h)	waterways; protects and reconnects		Feature/	Ecological/landscape/
	(D)	protects and reconnects ecologically important areas;		element	visual buffer/
	(0)	achieves a high standard of visual		Manlanlah Disan	batter stability zone
	(0)	amenity from all scenic routes and		Mooloolah River and waterways	60 metre wide (minimum) ecological <i>buffer</i> measured
		significant viewpoints;		and waterways	from the high or outer bank
	(4)				of the waterway to the top of
	(u)				the batter of any extraction area. The northern and
		transport and other infrastructure			southern boundaries of this
	(0)	corridors; prevents channel avulsion or			ecological <i>buffer</i> are
	(e)	•			"smoothed" (i.e. they do not
	(f)	erosion; and avoids or effectively mitigates any			follow every bend in the river) as indicated in figures
	(f)	potential environmental harm.			9.3.7A and 9.3.7B. To
		potentiai environinentai naini.			remove any doubt, the
					distance is not less than 60m at any point, but could
					be up to 100m when
					"smoothed".
				Native vegetation	50 metre wide (minimum)
					ecological <i>buffer</i> measured from the outer edge of the
					native <i>vegetation</i> to the top
					of the batter of any
				D 11: 1	extraction area.
				Bruce Highway – Caloundra Road	200 metre wide open landscape buffer measured
				Interchange	from the planned final Bruce
					Highway and Caloundra
					Road boundaries to the top of the batter of any
					extraction area.
				Multi Modal	40 metre wide batter
				Transport	stability zone measured
				Corridor	from the final MMTC Road Boundary to the top of the
					batter of any extraction
					area; and
					200 metre wide interim visual screen.
				Sippy Downs to	20 metre wide batter
				Caloundra South	stability zone and visual
				Link	screen measured from the
					final corridor boundary to the top of the batter of any
					extraction area.
				Rainforest Drive	20 metre wide batter
				to Claymore Road Link	stability zone and visual screen measured from the
				Road Lilik	final corridor boundary to
					the top of the batter of any
				Honey Farm	extraction area. 20 metre wide batter
				Honey Farm Road Link	20 metre wide batter stability zone and visual
					screen measured from the
					final corridor boundary to
					the top of the batter of any extraction area.
				Water Supply	40 metre wide batter
				Ring Tank	stability zone measured
					from the property boundary to the top of the batter of
					any extraction area.
				Water supply and	40 metre wide batter
				sewerage main	stability zone measured
				pipelines	from the centreline of the pipe to the top of the batter
					of any extraction area.
				Created water	20 metre wide batter
				body / lake	stability zone measured from the top of the batter of
					any extraction area/lake to
					another extraction
				Electricity	area/lake. 20 metre wide batter
				transmission	stability zone measured
				tower or other	from the outer extremity of
				infrastructure	the transmission tower or
				service where not included	other <i>infrastructure</i> service to the top of a minimum 1:3
				within a road	batter of any extraction
				reserve	area.



Doufour O		A	Outcomes
Performance Out	comes	Acceptable	External site 10m wide batter stability 20ne measured from the property boundary to the top
			of the batter of any extraction area, except where a lake traverses a property boundary and is part of a development site.
		AO14.2	The extractive industry provides for:- (a) that part of any site included within the Mooloolah River ecological buffer to be:- (i) rehabilitated to provide for bank stabilisation and buffering in accordance with:-
			 (A) an approved final landform design and site rehabilitation plan for the entire Extractive Resource Area; or (B) if an approved final landform design and site rehabilitation plan is yet to be approved for the entire Extractive Resource Area—a site specific final landform
			design and site rehabilitation plan; and (ii) dedicated to Council as esplanade prior to the commencement of any extraction on the site;
			 (b) that part of any site included within another ecological buffer, to be established prior to the commencement of any extraction on the site;
			(c) that part of any site included within the Bruce Highway-Caloundra Road open landscape buffer or the Multi- Modal Transport Corridor visual screen to be established for that purpose prior to the commencement of any extraction on the site; and
			 (d) that part of any site included within another buffer or batter stability zone to be established for that purpose, at a time appropriate to the staging of the extraction.
			Note—where land in the Mooloolah River Ecological Buffer is dedicated to Council as esplanade in accordance with AO14.2(a)(ii), Council will consider the granting of a temporary lease over part of the esplanade in order to provide for:- (a) any activity required to avoid or mitigate impacts on the environment (including approved rehabilitation work); and/or (b) any access required to allow maintenance of the Ecological Buffer or egress to an extraction area adjoining the Esplanade;
PO45 The sur	tractive industry provides for	A045	and/or (c) any security measure required for public safety purposes and/or the security of extractive industry sites.
	tractive industry provides for all and landscape buffers, and screens and batter stability	AO15	No acceptable outcome provided.



Perform	ance Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
	zones, to comprise of <i>vegetation</i> endemic to the area and to have a		
	landscape character that is consistent		
	with a coastal plain landscape, where		
	rural scenery and pockets of local native		
	vegetation are interspersed with screen planting and views over water.		
Transpo	rt/Infrastructure Corridors and Transpor	t Routes	
PO16	The extractive industry protects existing transport and infrastructure corridors and provides for the establishment of	AO16.1	The extractive industry provides for the establishment of the identified transport and infrastructure corridors described in
	new transport and <i>infrastructure</i> corridors.		Table 9.3.7.3.1C (Transport and infrastructure corridor requirements) to be located within the future transport and infrastructure study area depicted on
			Figure 9.3.7A (Meridan Plains extractive resource area master plan).
			Table 9.3.7.3.1C Transport and infrastructure corridor requirements
			Column 1 Column 2 Transport/ Land requirement infrastructure corridor
			Sippy Downs to 80 metre wide road Caloundra South I can be considered and including the existing
			(Local government Honey Farm and Sattler infrastructure) Road Reserves. Rainforest Drive to 40 metre wide road
			Claymore Road Link reserve from Honey Farm Road to Laxton (Local government infrastructure) Road and including the existing unnamed Road
			Reserve. Honey Farm Road 40 metre wide road Link reserve from Sippy
			(Local government infrastructure) Downs to Caloundra South Link to Rainforest Drive and including the existing Rainforest Road Reserve.
			Electricity 40 metre wide transmission line or other infrastructure an alignment and service where not included within a road reserve 40 metre wide infrastructure corridor in alignment and configuration that fulfills the functional requirements of the
			infrastructure/service provider.
		AO16.2	That part of any site required to accommodate a local government transport or other infrastructure corridor is dedicated to Council prior to the commencement of any extraction on the site.
PO17	The extractive industry provides for the establishment and utilisation of identified transport routes, so as to	AO17	The extractive industry provides for the establishment of the transport routes in the configuration depicted on Figure
	provide for the efficient transport of extracted material from the Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area in a		9.3.7A (Meridan Plains extractive resource area master plan).
	manner that:- (a) is adequate for the type and volume of traffic to be generated; (b) does not create or worsen any		
	(b) does not create or worsen any traffic hazards; (c) minimises adverse effects on the		



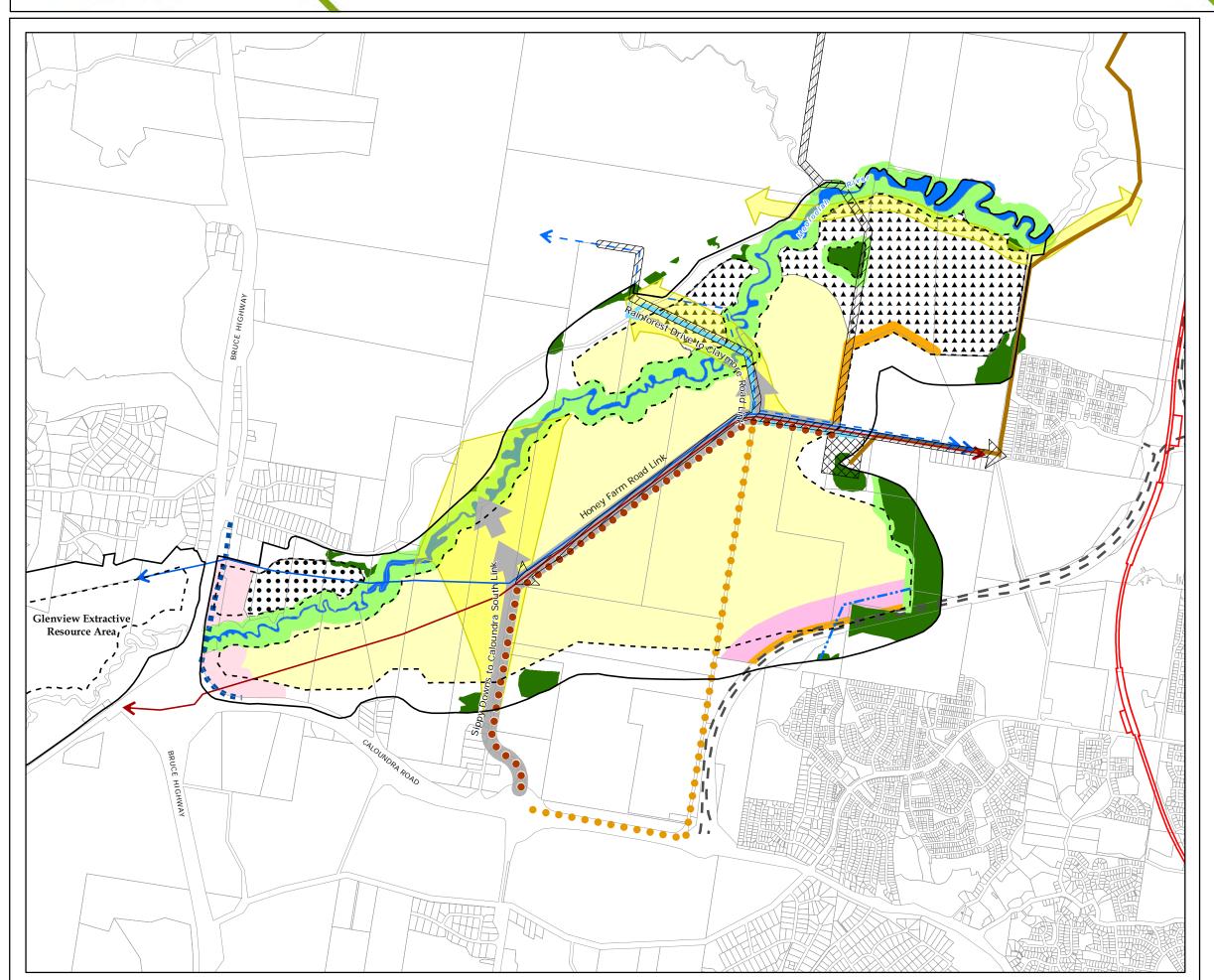
Perform	ance Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
	amenity of the locality; (d) protects the inherent rural character and identity of the area; and (e) ensures that disturbance to surrounding land uses is minor and that impacts from emissions are minimised.	лосории	
PO18	The extractive industry provides for the appropriate establishment and management of lakes provided in accordance with Figure 9.3.7A (Meridan Plains extractive resource area master plan) in a manner that appropriately addresses potential environmental and flooding impacts.	AO18	In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO18:- The extractive industry is established and operated in accordance with a lake management plan (supported by modelling) that:- (a) considers the full development scenario for the Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area and its external influences; and (b) identifies and addresses all environmental and flooding impacts and the measures to manage the potential impacts. Note—a lake management plan is intended to be prepared for the entire area as well as individual sites.
PO19	The extractive industry provides for the progressive rehabilitation of all areas subject to extractive industry operations to a stable and restored state such that the land is suitable for use in accordance with Figure 9.3.7B (Meridan Plains extractive resource area end use concept plan).	AO19.1	The extractive industry provides for site rehabilitation to be carried out on a progressive basis at the conclusion of each stage of extraction, providing for:- (a) clean-up works (taking particular account of areas of possible soil contamination); (b) minimisation of potential for erosion from the site and sediment transport across the site; (c) management of the quality of stormwater, water and seepage released from the site such that releases of contaminants are not likely to cause environmental harm; (d) management of any actual and potential acid sulfate soils in or on the site; (e) a stable final landform and soil profile; (f) local native vegetation suitable for establishment in the coastal plain to be planted, established and maintained; (g) management of weeds; and (h) public infrastructure (including pathways) to be provided in those areas dedicated as public open space. The extractive industry provides for all lakes created through the extraction process to achieve an end use water quality standard at least suitable for secondary contact recreation use with a self managing pH range of 5.0 to 8.5 and metal concentrations and hardness similar



Performa	ance Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
		AO19.3	The extractive industry provides for all rehabilitation works to be undertaken in accordance with an expected final landform design and site rehabilitation plan.
			Note—a final landform design and site rehabilitation plan is intended to be prepared for the entire area as well as individual <i>sites</i> .
		AO19.4	The extractive industry provides for the long term management of any rehabilitated lands or lakes dedicated to Council as public open space or esplanade.
Infrastru	cture Agreement		
PO20	The extractive industry occurs in accordance with an infrastructure agreement made with the Council that:- (a) incorporates the agreed plan of staging for extraction on the site; (b) provides for the establishment and maintenance of transport routes necessary to support development of the extractive resource area; (c) establishes the performance bonding arrangements for:- (i) the operation of the extractive industry in accordance with the lake management plan and site based management plan; (ii) the rehabilitation of the site in accordance with the final landform design and site rehabilitation plan; and (iii) the long term management of any rehabilitated lands or lakes dedicated to Council as public open space or esplanade; and (d) specifies any other obligation of the parties necessary to ensure the extraction, rehabilitation and ongoing maintenance of the extractive resource area.	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.



Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014 **Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area**



Meridan Plains **Extractive Resource Area** Master Plan

Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Elements

Main Roads - Bruce Highway

Possible Resumption Boundary

Haulage Route

Interim Haulage Route

Future Meridan Plains Sewerage and

Trunk Sewer Pipe Trunk Water Pipe

Aquagen Pipeline

Trunk Pressure Main

Future Infrastructure Corridor

Future Transport and Infrastrucure Study Area

Open Landscape Buffer

Visual Screen

Transport Infrastructure Corridor

Batter Stability Zone

Regional Significant Vegetation (areas shown within and adjoining extractive resource area only

Ecological Buffer (areas shown within and adjoining extractive resource area only)

Mooloolah River Indicative Future 132kv Electricity Corridor

Primary Resource Area

● ● ● Constrained Resource Area (Type A)

Constrained Resource Area (Type B)

SPP Key Resource Area Boundary

SPP Extractive Resource Area Boundary

Other Elements

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CAMCOS Transport Corridor

— Major Road Corridor

---- Indicative Proposed Drainage Line

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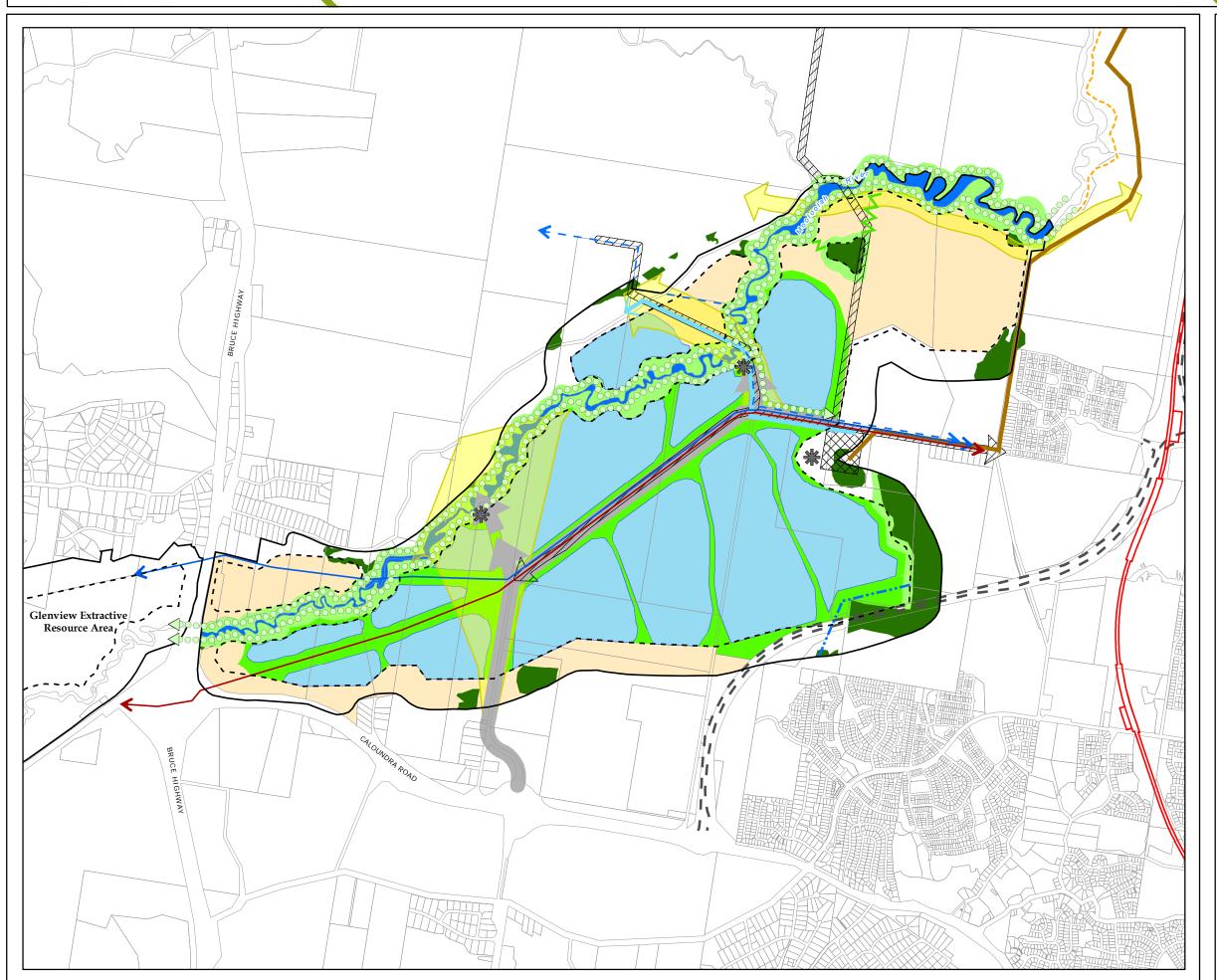


Figure 9.3.7A

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Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014 **Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Area**



Meridan Plains **Extractive Resource Area** End Use Concept Plan

Meridan Plains Extractive Resource Elements

Parking / Public Access Points (depending on final road crossing location)

--- Future Trails Public Access Trails

Ecological Link

Future Meridan Plains Sewerage and Advanced Waste Water Treatment Plants

Existing Sewer Pipe

Existing Water Pipe

Proposed Aquagen Pipeline Trunk Pressure Main

Future Infrastructure Corridor

Future Transport Infrastructure Corridors

Future Transport and Infrastructure Study Area Open Space / Landscape Area

Regional Significant Vegetation
(areas shown within and adjoining extractive resource area only) Ecological Buffer (areas shown within and adjoining extractive resource area only)

Mooloolah River

Indicative Lake Configurations

Indicative Future 132kv Electricity Corridor

SPP Key Resource Area Boundary

SPP Extractive Resource Area Boundary

Other Elements

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CAMCOS Transport Corridor

Major Road Corridor

Indicative Proposed Drainage Line

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Figure 9.3.7B